

The TWG on Disaster-related Statistics: 2020-2021 Activities and Way Forward

Fifteenth Meeting of the Technical Working Group (TWG) on Disaster-related Statistics 23 February 2022





1. Sustained Regional Momentum



Sustained regional momentum through sharing of 18 country experiences on disaster-related statistics

Indonesia, Iran, Fiji, Myanmar, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, India, Cambodia, Turkey, Bhutan, Malaysia, Philippines, Georgia, Nepal, Samoa, Vanuatu, Mongolia and Maldives

with guest speakers and moderators



Facilitated by a Senior Adviser on disaster-related statistics

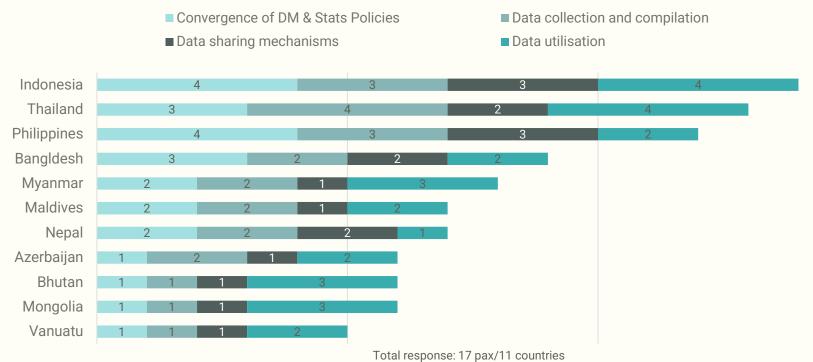


Supported by a Confluence Platform for regional collaboration



2. Regional Situational Report

Production, Sharing and Utilisation of Disaster Statistics in Select Countries (December 2020)





3. Country Case Studies

			+ +		
BANGLADESH	BHUTAN	FIJI	GEORGIA	INDONESIA	SRI LANKA
 Robust DM system and programmes Integrated interagency mechanisms Regularised data collection Annual survey and publications On the way of implementing DRSF 	 Improving DM system Independent sectoral data Supportive projects of Dev. partners Constrained in-country capacities Related to other Stats constraints 	 Progressive DM system DM-Stats joint PDNAs Joined analysis of SFDRR & SDGs Renewed interest on DRSF Disaster as a new chapter in Stats 	 Comprehensive policies Strong tradition of sectoral data Scope for integration Supporting projects Leveraging EU integration 	 Advanced DM system Integrated regulatory framework Established & operational platforms Integrated dev. Plan, SFDRR, SDGs DRSF as priority, pilot application 	 Established DM system Post-tsunami momentum Cross-referencing DM-Stats Supportive programmes Eager to develop DRSF



4. Observation: Regional Landscape

1. Prominence of Disaster-related Stats

- Increasing demand for disaster stats
- Pragmatic needs for decision making
- SFDRR & SDGs monitoring & reporting

2. Varying practices

- Response-oriented disaster data
- Dispersed data at sectoral agencies
- Lack definitions, classification, standards

3.Inseparable from stats issues

- Some disaster-data already incorporated
- Similar issues as other sectoral statistics
- Distinction of administrative data stats

4. Gaps in awareness

- DRSF is not sufficiently known
- Integration is not always priority
- Lack policy decision in DRSF

5. Need for model and benchmark

- DRSF is conceptual and abstract
- Need specific model, template, process
- Also real example as benchmark

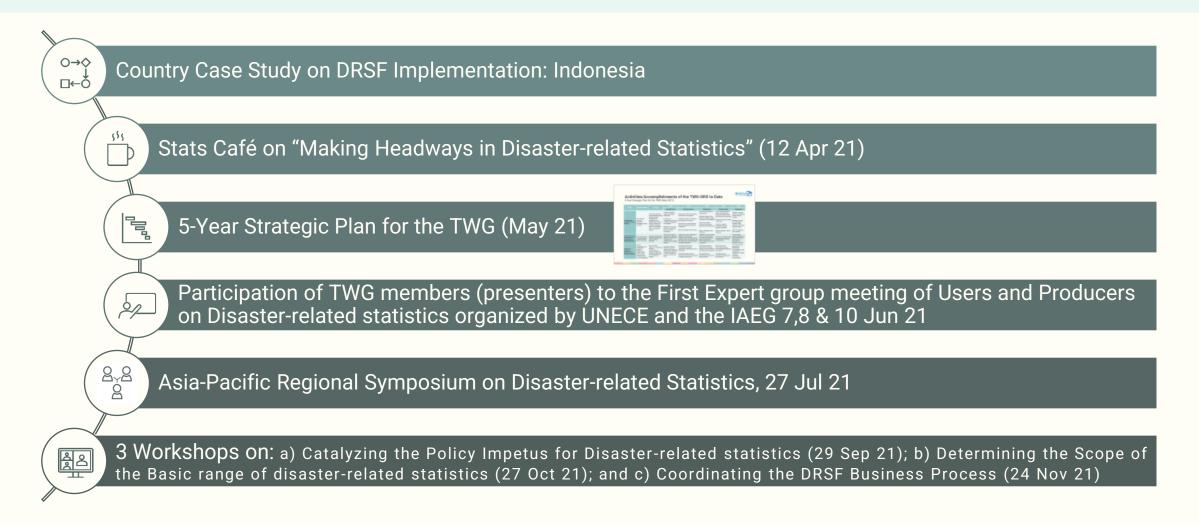
6. TWG has been useful

for learning and sharing

- A regional platform to advocate DRSF
- Space for specific capacity development
- Avenue for sharing of experience



5. Substantive Deliberations & Contributions





6. Five-year Strategic Plan for TWG (May 2021)

Area	Present status	Target	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Alca			Identification	Demonstration	Replication	Endorsement	Expansion
Strengthening members' technical capacity	No or limited technical capacities exchange through the TWG	Technical capacities are augmented through various capacity strengthening modalities, e.g. E- learning and thematic training, experience sharing / exchange, technical assistance, tools / instruments sharing	Technical capacity needs assessment conducted E-learning i is conducted and versions in different languages are available Members are familiar with the use of basic functions of the Confluence	Priorities for technical capacity enhancement are agreed Individual experts and officials participated in E-learning Members are communicating with one another through the confluence DRSF is adopted in one country	E-learning conducted at national level Members request/offer technical capacity support in between TWG meetings Technical capacity champions and good practices are documented DRSF is adopted in four countries	List of training modules, expert rosters and the confluence request/offer mechanisms are endorsed Country level basic training conducted Technical capacity strengthening good practices compiled DRSF is adopted in seven countries	Member countries conduct sub-national and/or sectoral training Members through the confluence request/ offer/ respond to technical capacity needs DRSF is adopted in ten countries
Contributing to the development of internationally - agreed standards	Early development of internationally - agreed standards	Internationally agreed standards reflect Asia- Pacific regional priorities	Asia-Pacific regional perspectives regarding disaster statistics are compiled and submitted to the global process	Expert forums are organised to identify, and document regional needs, innovations and good practices are identified, and the results are communicated to the global processes	Feedbacks from countries are actively provided to the draft internationally - agreed standards by TWG representatives and champions	Internationally-agreed draft standards are validated and endorsed	Internationally- agreed standards are disseminated and promoted for application to member countries
Supporting members' governance of disaster statistics	Lack of coordination and cooperation between stakeholders results in data fragmentation, inconsistencies, and incomparability	Role of official statistics in measuring disasters are clarified and applied stakeholders are playing their parts in a coordinated manner.	Governance factors related to disaster statistics are identified and assessed based on existing frameworks, e.g. that of UNEC and DRSF	Governance factors are incorporated as added component of disaster statistics framework Governance framework for disaster statistics is documented in at least one country	Different governance framework for disaster statistics are documented and shared with members Good practices of governance framework in three countries	ESCAP Statistical Committee endorses recommended governance framework Good practices of governance framework in five countries	Good practices of governance frameworks documentations are compiled as reference to support countries' continuous improvements



Way Forward in 2022

Feedback on the priority topics based on the on-line survey conducted in December in the following areas (based on the 5-year strategic plan)



Feedback on the Evaluation of the TWG meetings



Results of the Year-end Survey

2022 Priority Topics in the TWG Five-year Plan

Rank	Options	First choice 🔳 📕 📕 📕 🔳 🔳 📕 📕 📕 Last choice
1	A: Agreeing on the priorities for technical capacity enhancement	
2	A: Participation of Individual experts and officials in E-learning	
3	B: Data standards: Hazards classifications, threshold, metadata, etc.	
4	A: Quantification of routine damage and losses	
5	A: Advanced E-learning courses with thematic topic	
6	C: DRSF governance: policies, coordination, mechanisms	
7	B: TWG's participation in global processes	
8	C: Training needs assessment on NSOs and NDMOs joint capacity building	
9	C: Barriers of interagency coordination	
10	C: Documentation of country governance framework for disaster statistics	

B = Standards

C = Governance

A = Technical Capacity



Results of the Year-end Survey **Evaluation of Previous TWG Meetings**

Results of the Year-end TWO Barvey Previous TWO Meetings Confusion Purelie Gender Organisation Type	Results of the Year-end TWO Barrey Previous TWO Meetings Evaluation Releases Releases	Results of the Year-end TWD Surrey Proving TVD Meetings Evaluation (Effortwares Effortwares Insultance and State And	Results of the Year-end TWG Survey Provides TWG Meetings Exhibition: Efficiency Difference Sector for our finance sectors of admini- Technic of the out sectors of admini- tion of the output sectors of admini- tion of the output sectors of the
		No comparation for the second	

1. Profile 2. Relevance 3. Effectiveness

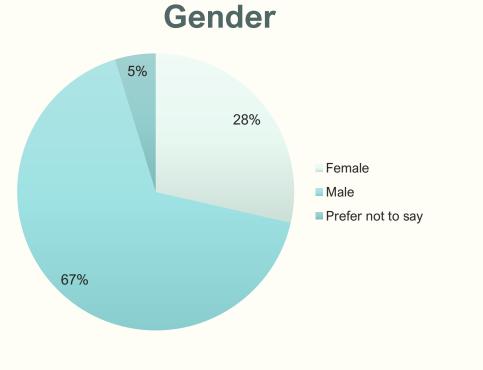




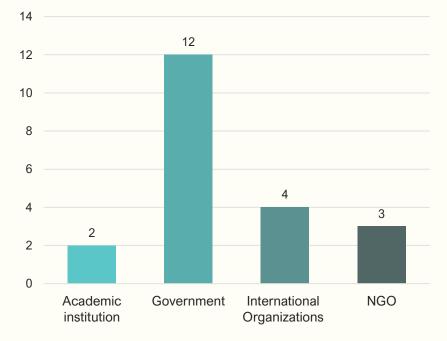
say!



Results of the Year-end Survey **1. Profile of TWG Meetings Participants**



Organisation Type



Total response: 21

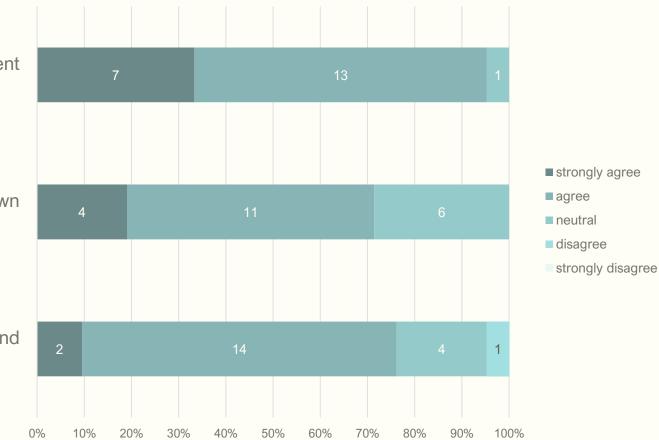


Results of the Year-end Survey 2. Relevance of TWG Meetings

The issues discussed reflect the present development trends/issues of the Asia and Pacific region.

The issues discussed were in line with my own expertise and ongoing work.

During the meetings, relevant gender issues and concepts were discussed.





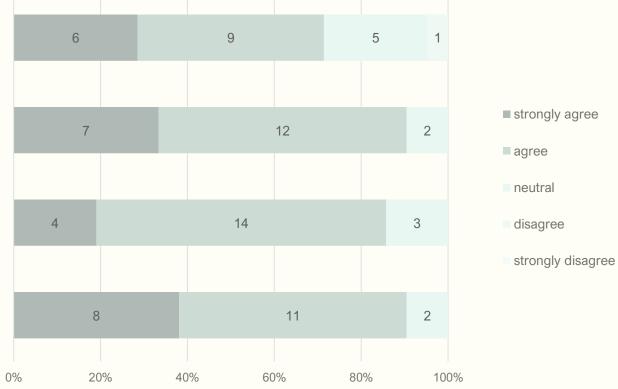
Results of the Year-end Survey 3. Effectiveness of TWG Meetings

Enough time was available for discussion.

The facilitators effectively engaged with participants in discussions.

The meetings achieved its objectives.

The presentations and documents were of high quality, concise & clear.





Results of the Year-end Survey 3. Efficiency of TWG Meetings

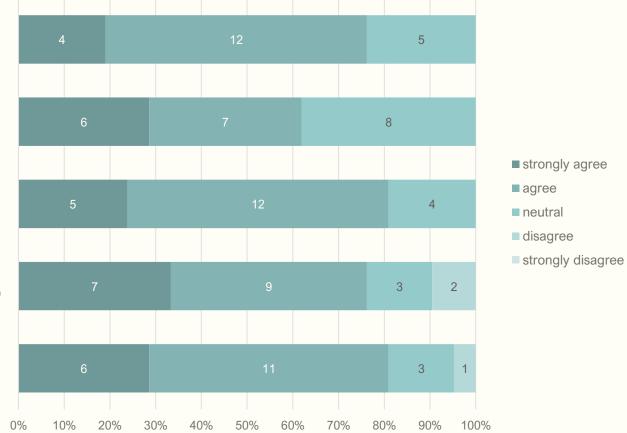
The virtual tool was easy to use and accessible.

The duration of the virtual meetings were appropriate.

Interaction tools (live polls, Q&A, etc) were used effectively.

I received sufficient guidance from ESCAP on how to use the virtual tool prior to the meetings.

Adequate technical support from ESCAP was provided during the meetings.





Please join us to shape 2022 plan!

Link to the survey

bit.ly/34JJVtl





Way forward in 2022 **Emerging Opportunities**

TWG Accomplishment Report

will be prepared end presented to the 8th session of the ESCAP Committee on Statistics in August 2022

Technical Assistance

Economic Loss study

In the Stats Café



THANK YOU

Follow us



www.unescap.org



unitednationsescap



united-nations-escap



