

MINISTRY OF ECONOMY DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

22nd MEETING OF THE TECHNICAL WORKING GROUP (TWG) ON DISASTER-RELATED STATISTICS

IMPACT OF FLOODS IN MALAYSIA 2022: MALAYSIA'S EXPERIENCE

DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS, MALAYSIA 31 MAY 2023 (WEDNESDAY) |3.00 – 4.30 PM (MYT)













- 1. Introduction
- 2. Governance
- 3. Objective & Methodology of the Survey
- 4. Finding
- 5. Moving Forward





1. INTRODUCTION









Mandate:

- DOSM was mandated to assess the lost due to flood by the Minister in the Prime Minister's Department (Economy) in December 2021.
- Persistent torrential rainfall in middle of December 2021 have caused exceptional floods in the Klang Valley, southern Malaysia, the east coast, Sabah and Sarawak.

First Report:

2

- Special Report on the Impact of Floods in Malaysia in 2021.
- The survey is carried out for the following years.



2. GOVERNANCE







1

2



National Disaster Management Comittee

Chaired by Deputy Prime Minister of Malaysia

DOSM was appointed to the committee in 2022.

3 To present the Special report on flood losses in Malaysia



3. OBJECTIVE & METHODOLOGY











Survey objective: estimate the loss and damage due to the flood disaster that hit the country

Scope of evaluation:

- living quarters;
- ii. vehicles; 尹



- iii. business premises;
- iv. manufacturing industries;
- v. agriculture; and
- vi. public assets and infrastructure

DOSM DOSM DOSM MAFS PWD & DID

DOSM







2 sets of questionnaire:
a. Set 1 (living quarters & vehicles)

b. Set 2 (business premises)

Study period:

- a. Nov. 2021 7 Jan. 2022 (for 2021 report)
- b. 8 Jan. 2022 Dis. 2022 (for 2022 report)

Data collection:

- a. Throughout the year after the flood disaster
- b. Data collected by state offices

Coverage:

All localities affected by floods

Using administrative data:

 a. Number of victims in Temporary Relocation Center (source: NADMA); and

b. Newspaper reports.





DOSM

- a. Living quarters: the cost of structural damage to living quarters including property such as furniture, electrical appliances and others
- b. Vehicles: cost of vehicle repairs
- c. Business premises: value of loss of income, stock of goods, damage to business premises including equipment/furniture.
- d. Manufacturing sector: loss of sales revenue







PWD and DID

Infrastructure & public assets: road and slope repair costs, drainage/ ditching, roads and bridges, sewers, shorelines (erosion), riverbanks, pump houses and hydrological stations.

MAFS

Agricultural sector : assessment of agri-food losses by agencies based on land area, types of crops and livestock, crop period, age of livestock and damage to fishing boats, nets, engines etc.



4. FINDINGS









Highlight main findings 2022

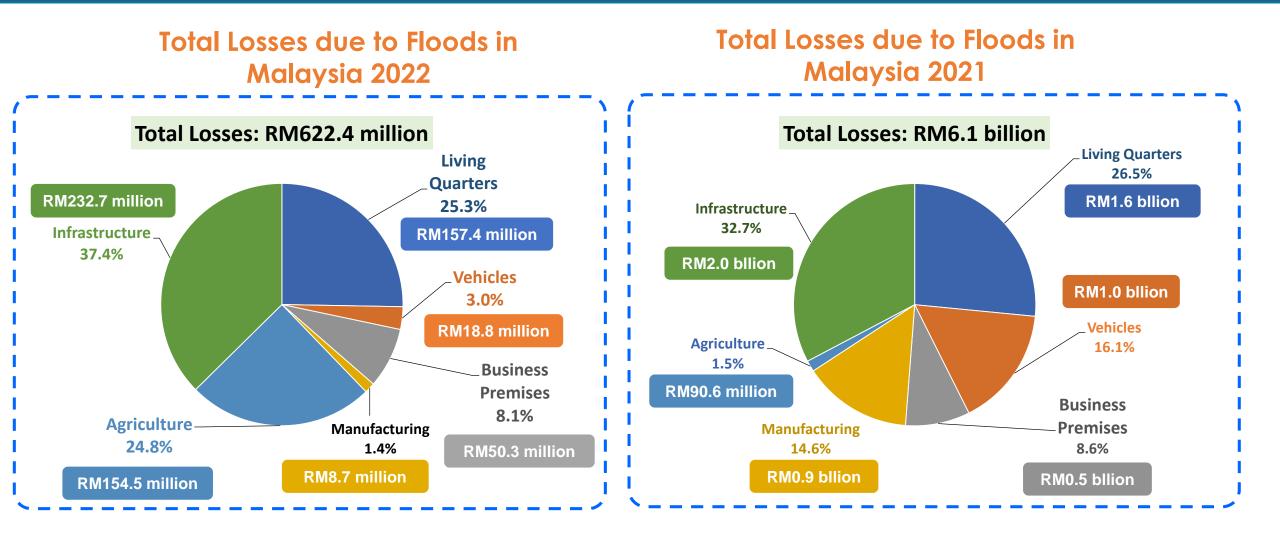
- The amount of loss and the number of living quarters, vehicles and business premises affected by floods in 2022 was lower than 2021.
- Number of states and districts experiencing floods was higher in 2022.







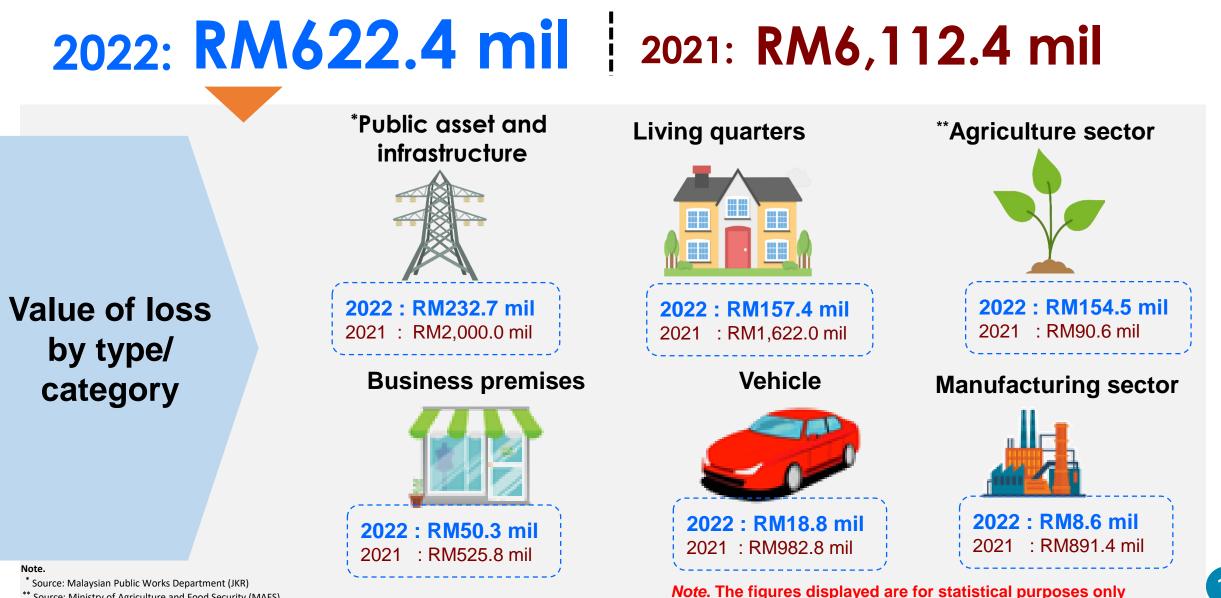






4. TOTAL LOSS BY CATEGORY





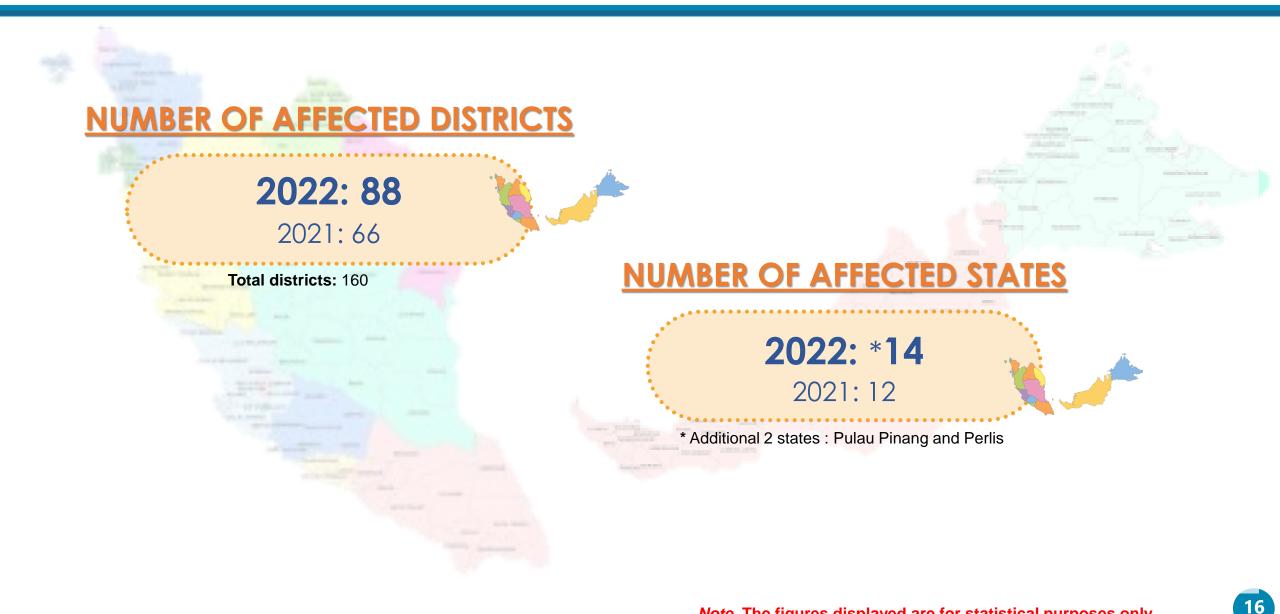
** Source: Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security (MAFS)



4. COMPARISON OF UNITS FOR FLOOD DISASTERS









5. MOVING FORWARD



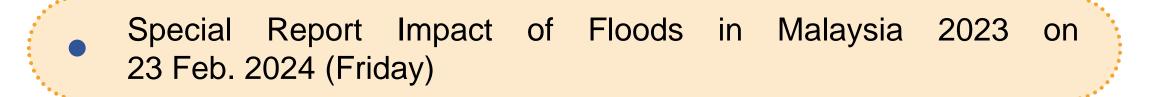








DOSM will release:



THANK YOU



